



Employment Bulletin

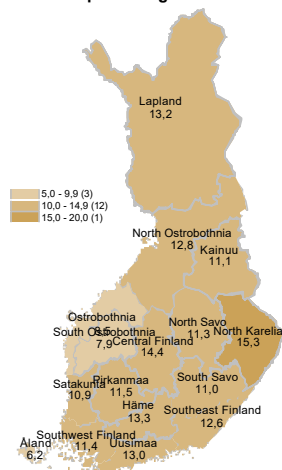
July 2021



Ministry of Economic Affairs
and Employment of Finland

In July, 322,600 unemployed jobseekers

Unemployed jobseekers' percentage of the workforce by ELY centre



At the end of July, a total of 322,600 unemployed jobseekers were registered at the Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment. This is 64,900 less than a year earlier, but 53,700 more than in July two years ago. The number of unemployed jobseekers increased by 6,400 from the previous month. Unemployed jobseekers accounted for 12.3% of the labour force, which is 2.4 percentage points less than the year before. The figures are from the Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment.

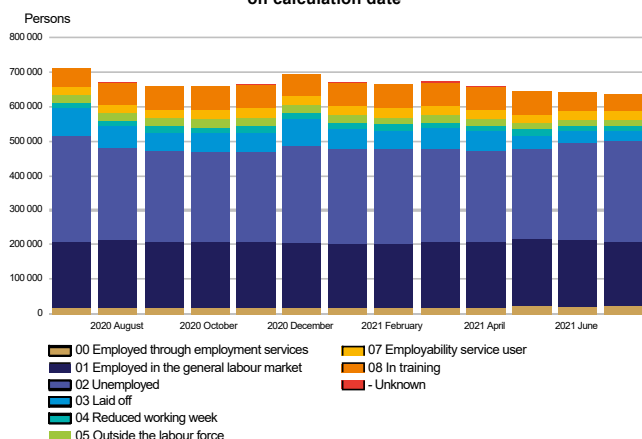
Trends:

- Total number of jobseekers decreased by 73,000
- The number of unemployed jobseekers decreased by 65,000 from the previous year
- The number of people fully laid off decreased by 50,000
- Services included in the activation rate had 3,000 more people than a year ago
- 26,000 new job vacancies more compared to last year



All jobseekers

**Jobseekers by group
on calculation date**



The total number of jobseekers decreased

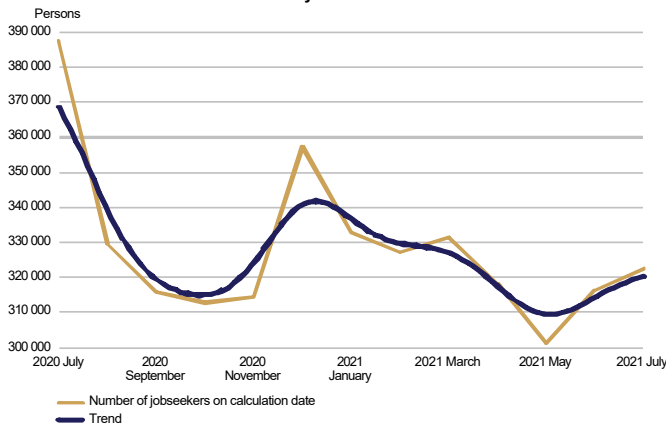
At the end of July, the number of jobseekers registered at the Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment totalled 636,200, down 72,900 on the previous year. Of the jobseekers, 315,900 were men and 320,300 were women. Compared to the situation a year ago, the number of men decreased by 36,100 and the number of women by 36,800. Of the jobseekers, 240,500 were customers of municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment.

Of the jobseekers, 209,400 were employed, 188,700 of them were on the open labour market and 20,700 were employed through the services organised by the employment and economic development administration and local government pilots on employment. The number of jobseekers outside the labour force was 92,200, of whom 21,700 were in services promoting employment and 50,700 in training. Of the jobseekers, 322,600 were unemployed jobseekers, which is 64,900 less than the year before. In July, 32,400 of unemployed jobseekers were fully laid off, which is 1,700 less than in June. The number of people fully laid off decreased by 49,600 from July a year earlier. Furthermore, jobseekers on a reduced working week numbered 12,000, representing a decrease of 6,100 from the year before.



Unemployed jobseekers

UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
monthly and trend

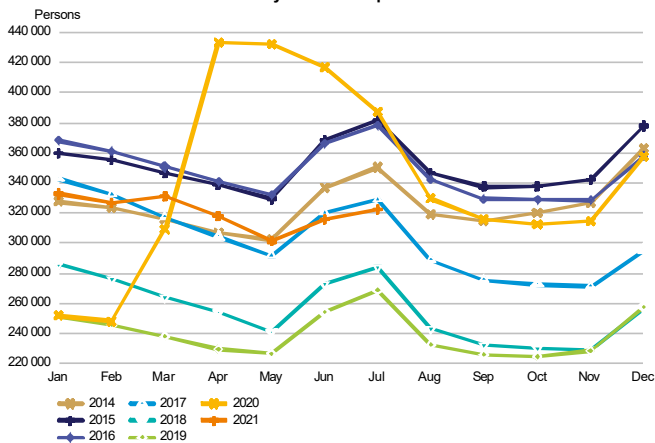


Decrease in unemployed jobseekers in July

At the end of July, the number of unemployed jobseekers registered at the Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment totalled 322,600, down 64,900 on the previous year. Compared with June, the number of unemployed jobseekers increased by 6,400. Of the unemployed jobseekers, 166,600 were customers of municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment. The number of new job searches among unemployed jobseekers totalled 11,300, down 4,000 from July a year ago. In July, the number of starting periods of unemployment totalled 35,800, representing a decrease of 19,700 on the year before. The number of starting periods of unemployment decreased by 23,700 from June. The number of starting periods is always greater than the number of job searches because new unemployment periods are also registered from the existing groups of jobseekers.

The number of foreign citizens among unemployed jobseekers totalled 39,300, down 3,500 from July last year. Of these foreign unemployed jobseekers, EU/EEA citizens accounted for 11,000 at the end of July, down 900 from the year before.

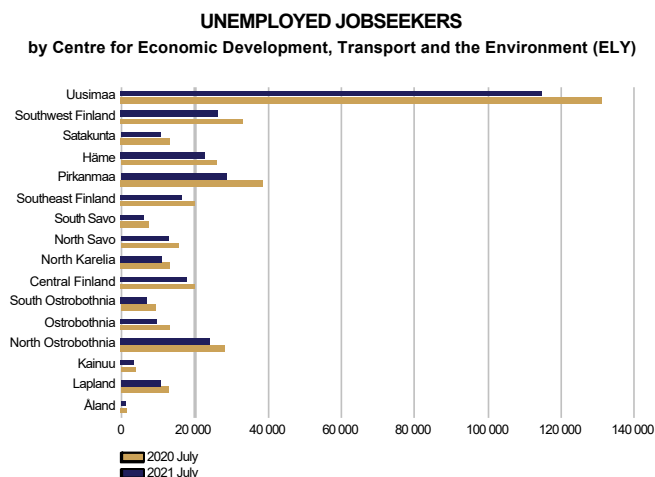
UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
month by month comparison



In July, 32,400 of unemployed jobseekers were fully laid off, which is 1,700 less than in June. The number of people fully laid off decreased by 49,600 from July a year earlier. In July, the number of job searches among the fully laid off people totalled 1,700, representing a decrease of 3,700 on the year before. The number of starting periods of full lay-offs was 6,700, down 19,800 from July a year ago. The number of starting periods of full lay-offs decreased by 300 from June. The number of people fully laid off decreased in all occupational groups; the greatest decreases were in the groups of 'unknown' (-11,500), service and sales workers (-9,200), professionals (-6,800), craft and related trades workers (-5,600), and associate professionals and technicians (-5,100).



Unemployed jobseekers by region



Unemployment decreased in the areas of all ELY Centres

Compared to the same period in the previous year, the number of unemployed jobseekers decreased in July in the areas of all Centres for Economic Development, Transport and the Environment (ELY Centres); the most in Ostrobothnia (-27%), Pirkanmaa (-26%) and South Ostrobothnia (-25%). The number of unemployed jobseekers decreased the least in Central Finland (-11%), Häme (-12%) and Uusimaa (-12%). The number of unemployed jobseekers fell the most in Åland, by 45%. Compared to June, the number of unemployed jobseekers increased in the areas of all ELY Centres; the most in Kainuu (5%), Ostrobothnia (5%) and North Ostrobothnia (4%). In Åland, the number of unemployed jobseekers fell compared to June (-3%).

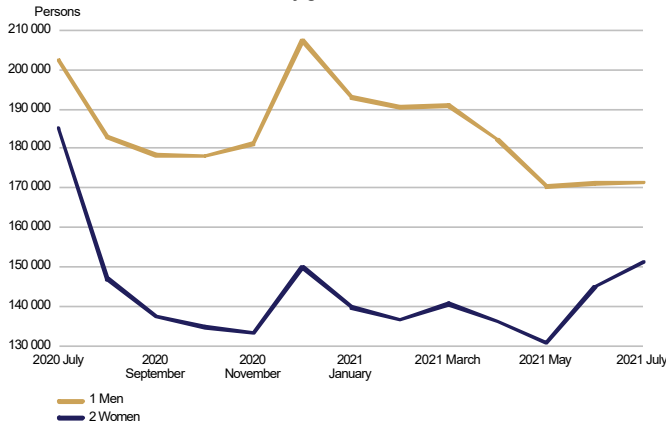
Unemployed jobseekers and jobs vacant in Employment and Economic Development Office by ELY centre

| ELY centre | Unemployed jobseekers | | | Change | | Of the Unemployed jobseekers' percentage fully laid off | | Jobs vacant | | | Change | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Jul 2021 | Jun 2021 | Jul 2020 | Jul 2021 | Jul 2020 | Jul 2021 | Jul 2020 | Jul 2021 | Jun 2021 | Jul 2020 | Jul 2021 | Jul 2020 |
| Uusimaa | 114 797 | 112 947 | 130 862 | -16 065 | -12 | 14 749 | 13,0 | 18 752 | 17 276 | 12 692 | 6 060 | 48 |
| Southwest Finland | 26 151 | 25 329 | 33 130 | -6 979 | -21 | 2 736 | 11,4 | 6 241 | 5 888 | 3 199 | 3 042 | 95 |
| Satakunta | 10 590 | 10 305 | 13 450 | -2 860 | -21 | 841 | 10,9 | 2 253 | 2 165 | 1 281 | 972 | 76 |
| Häme | 22 689 | 22 190 | 25 666 | -2 977 | -12 | 2 109 | 13,3 | 4 988 | 4 125 | 2 418 | 2 570 | 106 |
| Pirkanmaa | 28 535 | 28 263 | 38 641 | -10 106 | -26 | 2 317 | 11,5 | 8 500 | 7 818 | 4 658 | 3 842 | 82 |
| Southeast Finland | 16 271 | 16 257 | 20 153 | -3 882 | -19 | 1 181 | 12,6 | 2 499 | 2 423 | 1 760 | 739 | 42 |
| South Savo | 6 232 | 6 148 | 7 479 | -1 247 | -17 | 385 | 11,0 | 1 636 | 1 554 | 1 081 | 555 | 51 |
| North Savo | 12 704 | 12 474 | 15 683 | -2 979 | -19 | 1 023 | 11,3 | 3 681 | 3 689 | 2 443 | 1 238 | 51 |
| North Karelia | 10 928 | 10 623 | 13 103 | -2 175 | -17 | 682 | 15,3 | 1 357 | 1 236 | 893 | 464 | 52 |
| Central Finland | 17 917 | 17 611 | 20 083 | -2 166 | -11 | 1 080 | 14,4 | 2 550 | 2 509 | 1 825 | 725 | 40 |
| South Ostrobothnia | 6 795 | 6 578 | 9 042 | -2 247 | -25 | 744 | 7,9 | 2 717 | 2 652 | 1 526 | 1 191 | 78 |
| Ostrobothnia | 9 606 | 9 148 | 13 144 | -3 538 | -27 | 978 | 8,5 | 2 353 | 2 335 | 1 350 | 1 003 | 74 |
| North Ostrobothnia | 24 015 | 23 185 | 28 104 | -4 089 | -15 | 1 951 | 12,8 | 5 116 | 4 888 | 3 960 | 1 156 | 29 |
| Kainuu | 3 428 | 3 254 | 3 957 | -529 | -13 | 224 | 11,1 | 1 189 | 1 076 | 888 | 301 | 34 |
| Lapland | 10 666 | 10 610 | 12 836 | -2 170 | -17 | 1 130 | 13,2 | 3 261 | 2 726 | 1 904 | 1 357 | 71 |
| Åland | 940 | 974 | 1 719 | -779 | -45 | 174 | 6,2 | 256 | 335 | 117 | 139 | 119 |
| Abroad | 316 | 314 | 412 | -96 | -23 | 115 | . | 1 999 | 1 825 | 1 650 | 349 | 21 |
| WHOLE COUNTRY | 322 582 | 316 212 | 387 465 | -64 883 | -17 | 32 419 | 12,3 | 69 348 | 64 520 | 43 645 | 25 703 | 59 |



Unemployed jobseekers by gender and age-group

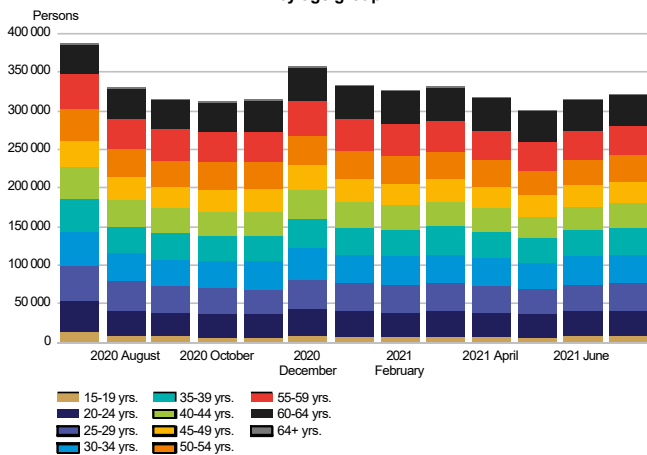
**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by gender**



Unemployment decreased more among women than men

Of the unemployed jobseekers, 171,400 (53%) were men and 151,200 (47%) were women, indicating an increase of 200 for men and 6,200 for women from the figures for June. Compared with July a year ago, unemployment decreased by 31,000 (-15%) among men and by 33,900 (-18%) among women.

**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by age group**



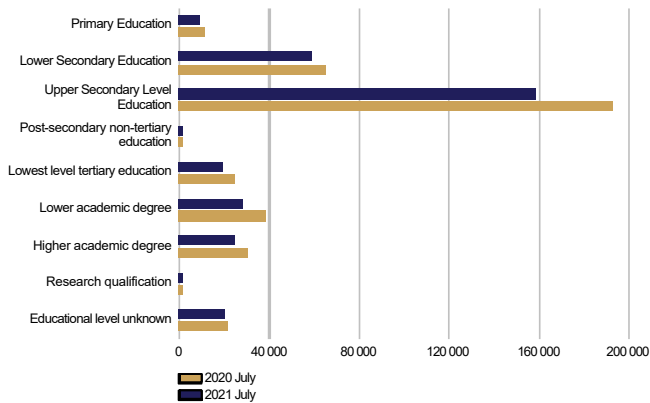
Unemployment decreased in all age groups under the age of 60

At the end of July, unemployed jobseekers under 25 years of age numbered 40,300, representing a decrease of 13,700 from July a year ago. Youth unemployment decreased from June by 100. For those under 20, the number of unemployed was 8,700. Among those over 50, the number of unemployed was 113,400, representing a decrease of 12,200 on the year before. Among those over 55, the number of unemployed was 80,700, representing a decrease of 4,200 on the year before. Unemployment decreased the most among those under 30 (-23%) and those between 50 and 54 (-20%). Unemployment rose from the previous year only among those over 59 years of age; the most among those over 64 (22%). With the exception of those under 20, unemployment increased in all age groups compared with June, the most among those over 64 and those aged 25–49 (3%). Among those under 20, unemployment decreased by 8%.



Unemployed jobseekers by levels of education and occupational group

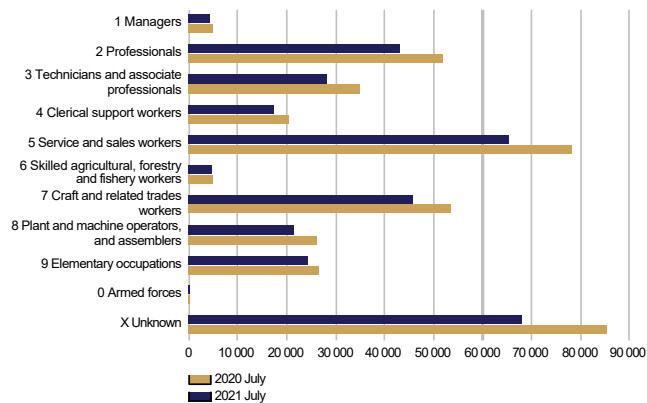
**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by level of education**



Unemployment decreased at all levels of education

Examined by level of education, unemployment decreased from July last year at all levels of education; the decrease was greatest among those with lower-degree level tertiary education (-26%), higher-degree level tertiary education (-20%), lowest level of tertiary education (-20%) and post-secondary non-tertiary education (-19%). Unemployment fell the least among those with level of education 'unknown' (-8%), higher level basic qualifications (-8%), and doctorate or equivalent level tertiary education (-10%).

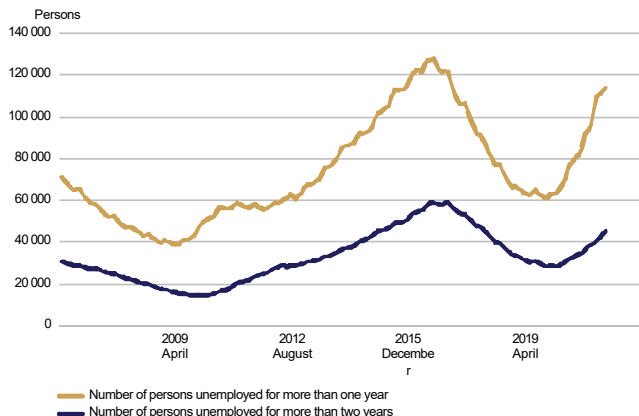
**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by occupational group**



Unemployment decreased in all occupational groups

Examined by occupation, unemployment decreased for all groups from July of last year; the greatest decreases were in the groups of 'unknown' (-17,300), service and sales workers (-12,900), professionals (-8,800), craft and related trades workers (-7,600) and associate professionals and technicians (-6,900). Unemployment decreased the least in the groups of armed forces (-), skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers (-400) and managers (-800).

**LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYED
at the end of the month**

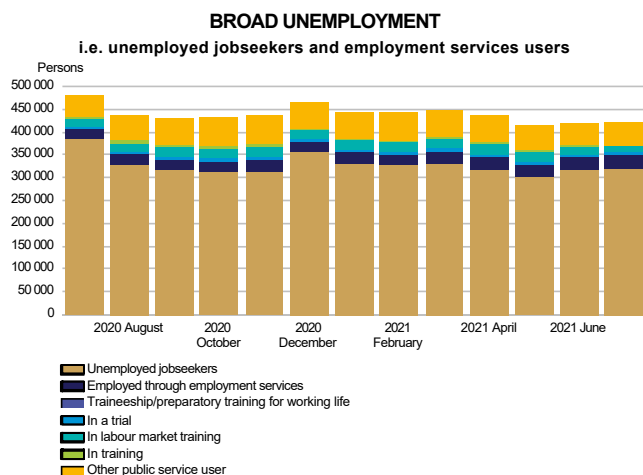


Increase in long-term unemployment

At the end of July, the number of long-term unemployed who had been unemployed without interruption for more than a year amounted to 113,900, up 36,200 on the previous year. Of the long-term unemployed, 67,100 were men and 46,800 were women. The number of men increased by 21,400 (47%) from the previous year and the number of women by 14,800 (46%). The number of long-term unemployed who had been unemployed without interruption for more than two years numbered 45,100, which is 12,700 more than a year ago.



Services

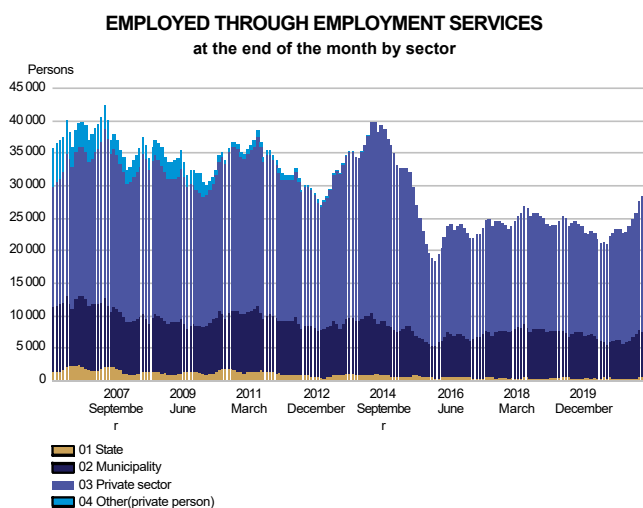


Increase in the number of persons in services

At the end of July, the number of persons covered by services included in the activation rate amounted to 97,800, up 3,500 on the previous year. Compared with June, the number decreased by 6,100. Of those covered by services, 51,400 were customers of municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment. The activation rate at the end of July was 23.3%, which is 3.7 percentage points higher than a year earlier. In all, 3.4% of the labour force were covered by these services.

Of those covered by services, the number of men was 48,400, up 1,400 on the previous year. The number of women covered by these services was 49,400, up 2,100 on the previous year.

Broad unemployment, or the total number of unemployed jobseekers and those covered by services, was 420,400 at the end of July. This is 61,400 less than a year earlier. The decrease in broad unemployment was mainly due to a decrease in the number of unemployed.



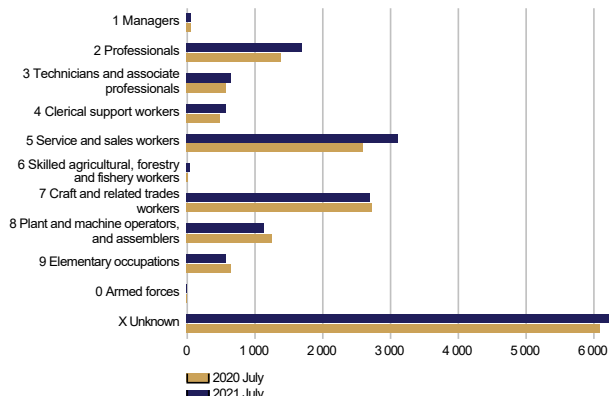
The number of placements increased particularly in local government and the private sector

At the end of July, the number of persons claiming pay subsidies, employed by the State or receiving start-up grants totalled 27,700, which is 6,800 more than the year before. Of those employed, 2% were in government jobs, 24% in local government jobs and 74% in the private sector. Since July last year, the number of placements has increased by 8% in government jobs, by 37% in local government jobs and by 32% in the private sector. Of those employed, 54% were men. Placements for men increased by 3,700, and those for women by 3,100 from the previous year.



Labour market training, training and self-motivated studies

PERSONS IN LABOUR MARKET TRAINING
in target profession at the end of the month

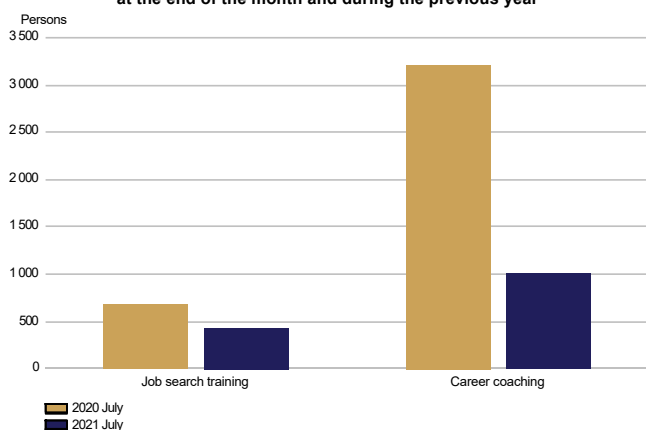


Increase in the number of persons in labour market training

At the end of July, labour market training was attended by 16,800 students, up 900 on the previous year. Of the students, 8,000 were men and 8,800 were women. The number of men increased by 200, and the number of women by 800 from July last year. During July, 300 new students began labour market training, representing a decrease of 200 on the year before.

Based on target occupation, the largest subgroup within the category of 'unknown' at the end of July were people in integration training (5,900), which is 100 more than the year before.

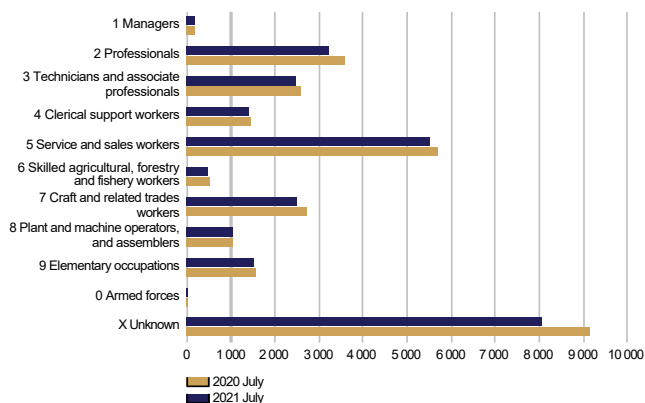
IN TRAINING
at the end of the month and during the previous year



The number of persons in training decreased

At the end of July, 1,400 persons were in training, which is 2,500 less than the year before. Of those in training, 800 were men and 700 women. Career coaching was provided to 1,000 participants, which is 2,200 less than a year earlier. The number of participants in job search training decreased by 200 from the year before.

IN SELF-MOTIVATED STUDIES
in person's profession at the end of the month



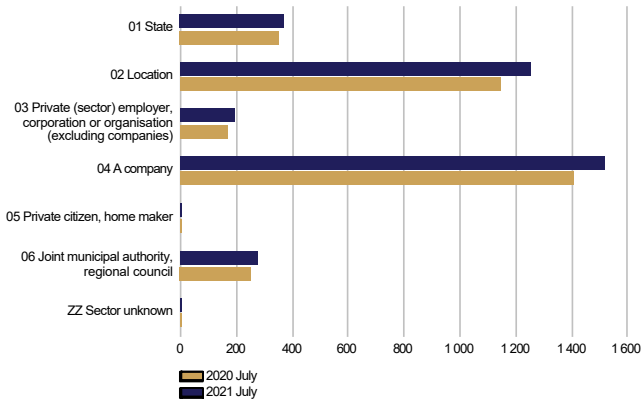
The number of people in self-motivated study decreased from the previous year

Self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefits were attended by a total of 26,400 people, representing a decrease of 2,100 on the year before. The number of men receiving unemployment benefits for studies was 10,700, down 1,200 on the previous year. Among women, the number was 15,700, representing a decrease of 1,000 on the year before. Occupation was undetermined in case of 7,100 persons in the group of 'unknown', down 900 on the previous year.



Job alternation, rehabilitative work and trials

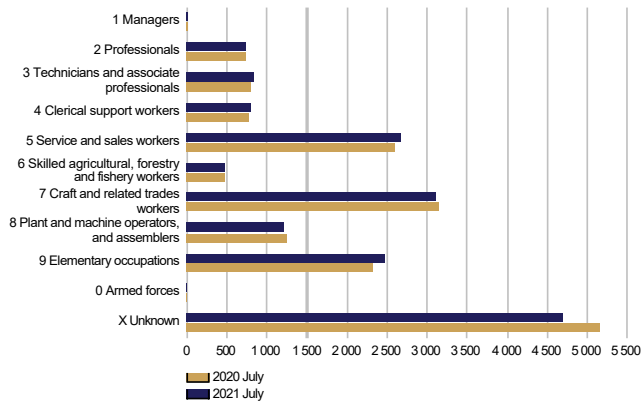
AS A JOB ALTERNATION SUBSTITUTE
at the end of the month and during the previous year by sector



The number of job alternation substitutes increased

A total of 3,600 persons were job alternation substitutes at the end of July, which is 300 more than a year earlier. Of the substitutes, 1,300 were men and 2,300 were women. The number of men increased by 100 and the number of women increased by 200 from the previous year.

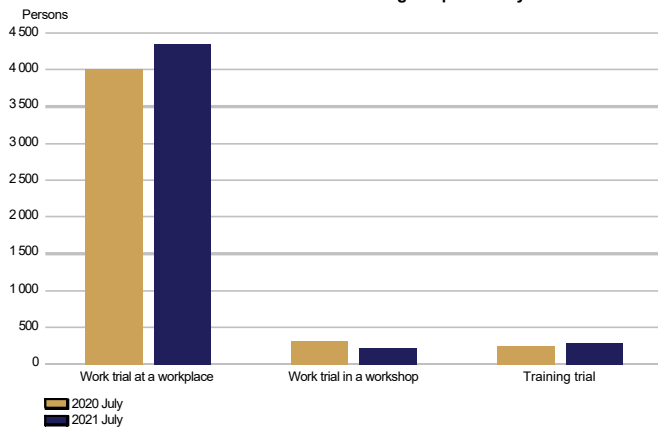
REHABILITATIVE WORK ACTIVITIES
at the end of the month and during the previous year



Fewer participants in rehabilitative work activities than in the previous year

A total of 17,000 persons participated in rehabilitative work activities at the end of July, which is 300 less than a year earlier. Of the participants 9,900 were men and 7,100 were women. The number of men decreased by 300 and the number of women remained unchanged from the previous year.

IN TRIALS
at the end of the month and during the previous year



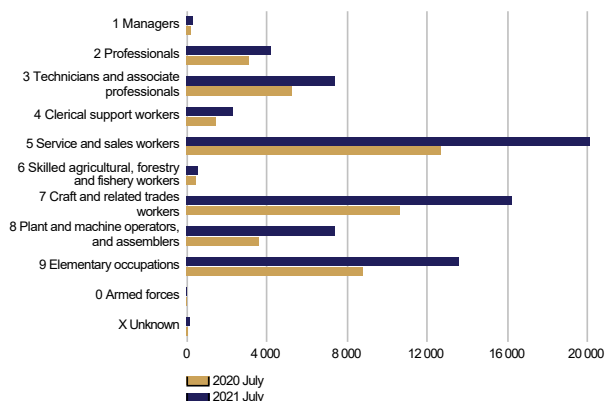
Participation in work and training trials increased

Work and training trials had a total of 4,900 participants at the end of July, which is 300 more than the year before. Of the participants 2,700 were men and 2,200 were women. The number of men increased by 100 from the previous year and the number of women increased by 200.



Jobs vacant

NEW JOB VACANCIES
during the month and during the previous year



Increase in the number of new vacancies from the year before

The number of new vacancies reported to Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment during July totalled 72,200, which is 25,800 more than in July last year. In all, the number of unfilled vacancies in July amounted to 136,000, which is 49,300 more than a year ago. A total of 8,400 of these vacancies were filled during July, 2,600 of them through Employment and Economic Development Offices. A total of 57,800 vacancies were closed for applications because the application period had ended or because there was a sufficient number of applicants. In addition, a total of 3,800 vacancies were cancelled and 1,900 vacancies could not be filled. The number of vacancies remaining unfilled at Employment and Economic Development Offices and in local government pilots at the end of July was 69,300, up 25,700 on the previous year.

The number of new vacancies had increased in almost all occupational groups; the greatest increases were in the groups of service and sales workers (7,400), craft and related trades workers (5,600), elementary occupations (4,700), plant and machine operators, and assemblers (3,800) and associate professionals and technicians (2,200). The number of new job vacancies decreased only in the group of armed forces (-3).



Summary table

EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF 2021 JULY (I) AND
ACTIVITIES OF EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICES DURING JULY (II)
WHOLE COUNTRY

| I EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF MONTH | Jul-21 | Jul-20 | CHANGE NUMBER | CHANGE % |
|---|----------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|
| A. JOBSEEKERS | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed jobseekers | 322 582 | 387 465 | -64 883 | -16,7 |
| of whom fully laid off | 32 419 | 81 977 | -49 558 | -60,5 |
| 2. On reduced working week | 11 967 | 18 049 | -6 082 | -33,7 |
| 3. Those who have work | 209 400 | 207 645 | 1 755 | 0,8 |
| of whom in the general labour market | 188 714 | 190 048 | -1 334 | -0,7 |
| of whom employed through employment services | 20 686 | 17 597 | 3 089 | 17,6 |
| 4. Persons outside the labour force | 92 246 | 95 940 | -3 694 | -3,9 |
| of whom in services promoting employment | 21 720 | 22 250 | -530 | -2,4 |
| of whom in training | 50 734 | 50 786 | -52 | -0,1 |
| 1-4 Total of jobseekers | 636 195 | 709 099 | -72 904 | -10,3 |
| B. LABOUR DEMAND | | | | |
| 1. Jobs vacant | 69 348 | 43 645 | 25 703 | 58,9 |
| of those notified for over a month | 27 942 | 17 391 | 10 551 | 60,7 |
| of those notified for over 2 months | 15 345 | 10 199 | 5 146 | 50,5 |
| C. PARTICIPATING IN SERVICES | | | | |
| 1. Employed by the State | 538 | 500 | 38 | 7,6 |
| 2. Employed by municipalities | 6 788 | 4 972 | 1 816 | 36,5 |
| 3. Employed by the private sector | 20 381 | 15 405 | 4 976 | 32,3 |
| 1-3 Total number of employed people | 27 707 | 20 877 | 6 830 | 32,7 |
| 4. Labour market training | 16 806 | 15 861 | 945 | 6,0 |
| 5. Training | 1 442 | 3 897 | -2 455 | -63,0 |
| 6. Engaged in work/training trials | 4 868 | 4 558 | 310 | 6,8 |
| 7. As a job alternation substitute | 3 614 | 3 330 | 284 | 8,5 |
| 8. Rehabilitative work | 16 993 | 17 286 | -293 | -1,7 |
| 9. Self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefit | 26 405 | 28 536 | -2 131 | -7,5 |
| 1-9 Total number of people participating in services | 97 835 | 94 345 | 3 490 | 3,7 |
| D. STRUCTURE OF UNEMPLOYMENT | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed women | 151 150 | 185 053 | -33 903 | -18,3 |
| 2. Unemployed men | 171 432 | 202 412 | -30 980 | -15,3 |
| 3. Under 25 years old | 40 300 | 54 041 | -13 741 | -25,4 |
| 4. Over 50 years old | 113 427 | 125 672 | -12 245 | -9,7 |
| 5. Unemployed over a year | 113 894 | 77 696 | 36 198 | 46,6 |
| 6. Foreign unemployed | 39 296 | 42 842 | -3 546 | -8,3 |
| E. UNEMPLOYMENT SECURITY | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed members of employees' unemployment funds | 128 578 | 164 975 | -36 397 | -22,1 |
| II EMPLOYMENT SITUATION DURING THE MONTH | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed jobseekers | 342 377 | 439 326 | -96 949 | -22,1 |
| 2. Other jobseekers | 313 779 | 324 694 | -10 915 | -3,4 |
| 1-2 Total number of jobseekers | 656 156 | 764 020 | -107 864 | -14,1 |
| 3. Vacancies during a month | 136 046 | 86 756 | 49 290 | 56,8 |
| New vacancies during a month | 72 164 | 46 340 | 25 824 | 55,7 |
| Vacancies filled during a month | 8 378 | 8 004 | 374 | 4,7 |
| of those filled with job-seekers at the Employment Service | 2 615 | 4 007 | -1 392 | -34,7 |
| Vacancies application period ended or sufficient number of applicants | 57 810 | 33 493 | 24 317 | 72,6 |
| Vacancies cancelled or could not be filled | 5 655 | 3 034 | 2 621 | 86,4 |
| 4. Started spell of unemployment | 35 829 | 55 490 | -19 661 | -35,4 |
| 5. Completed spell of unemployment | 25 679 | 65 299 | -39 620 | -60,7 |
| 6. New jobs found through employment services | 2 191 | 2 367 | -176 | -7,4 |
| 7. New entrants to labour market training | 297 | 473 | -176 | -37,2 |



Foreigners' summary table

FOREIGNERS' EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF 2021 JULY (I) AND
ACTIVITIES OF EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICES DURING JULY (II)
WHOLE COUNTRY

| I EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF MONTH | Jul-21 | Jul-20 | CHANGE NUMBER | CHANGE % |
|---|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|
| A. JOBSEEKERS | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed jobseekers | 39 296 | 42 842 | -3 546 | -8,3 |
| of whom fully laid off | 3 986 | 7 826 | -3 840 | -49,1 |
| 2. On reduced working week | 831 | 1 071 | -240 | -22,4 |
| 3. Those who have work | 21 226 | 19 244 | 1 982 | 10,3 |
| of whom in the general labour market | 19 558 | 17 809 | 1 749 | 9,8 |
| of whom employed through employment services | 1 668 | 1 435 | 233 | 16,2 |
| 4. Persons outside the labour force | 23 708 | 23 656 | 52 | 0,2 |
| of whom in services promoting employment | 2 408 | 2 363 | 45 | 1,9 |
| of whom in training | 18 782 | 18 633 | 149 | 0,8 |
| 1-4 Total of jobseekers | 85 061 | 86 813 | -1 752 | -2,0 |
| C. PARTICIPATING IN SERVICES | | | | |
| 1. Employed by the State | 7 | ... | ... | ... |
| 2. Employed by municipalities | 414 | 298 | 116 | 38,9 |
| 3. Employed by the private sector | 1 615 | 1 192 | 423 | 35,5 |
| 1-3 Total number of employed people | 2 036 | 1 494 | 542 | 36,3 |
| 4. Labour market training | 7 562 | 7 282 | 280 | 3,8 |
| 5. Training | 97 | 149 | -52 | -34,9 |
| 6. Engaged in work/training trials | 1 280 | 1 164 | 116 | 10,0 |
| 7. As a job alternation substitute | 54 | 55 | -1 | -1,8 |
| 8. Rehabilitative work | 950 | 1 036 | -86 | -8,3 |
| 9. Self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefit | 10 148 | 11 063 | -915 | -8,3 |
| 1-9 Total number of people participating in services | 22 127 | 22 243 | -116 | -0,5 |
| D. STRUCTURE OF UNEMPLOYMENT | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed women | 20 079 | 21 459 | -1 380 | -6,4 |
| 2. Unemployed men | 19 217 | 21 383 | -2 166 | -10,1 |
| 3. Under 25 years old | 3 142 | 3 898 | -756 | -19,4 |
| 4. Over 50 years old | 9 519 | 9 428 | 91 | 1,0 |
| 5. Unemployed over a year | 10 899 | 6 050 | 4 849 | 80,1 |
| E. UNEMPLOYMENT SECURITY | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed members of employees' unemployment funds | 7 605 | 8 673 | -1 068 | -12,3 |
| II EMPLOYMENT SITUATION DURING THE MONTH | | | | |
| 1. Unemployed jobseekers | 41 142 | 46 080 | -4 938 | -10,7 |
| 2. Other jobseekers | 45 562 | 43 854 | 1 708 | 3,9 |
| 1-2 Total number of jobseekers | 86 704 | 89 934 | -3 230 | -3,6 |
| 4. Started spell of unemployment | 4 135 | 5 357 | -1 222 | -22,8 |
| 5. Completed spell of unemployment | 2 070 | 3 997 | -1 927 | -48,2 |
| 6. New jobs found through employment services | 202 | 199 | 3 | 1,5 |
| 7. New entrants to labour market training | 131 | 257 | -126 | -49,0 |



Regional table

UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS AND JOBS VACANT BY ELY CENTRE AT THE END OF 2021 JULY
WHOLE COUNTRY

| ELY centre | Workforce | Unemployed jobseekers | | | | | | | Unemployed over a year | Disabled and chron. ill | Jobs vacant |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| | | % of workforce | Total | Men | Women | Under 20 years old | Under 25 years old | Over 50 years old | | | |
| Uusimaa | 880 161 | 13,0 | 114 797 | 59 664 | 55 133 | 2 412 | 12 504 | 38 014 | 45 999 | 8 846 | 18 752 |
| Southwest Finland | 228 633 | 11,4 | 26 151 | 13 665 | 12 486 | 694 | 3 326 | 8 839 | 7 850 | 2 954 | 6 241 |
| Satakunta | 96 959 | 10,9 | 10 590 | 5 684 | 4 906 | 312 | 1 305 | 4 352 | 3 385 | 1 343 | 2 253 |
| Häme | 170 771 | 13,3 | 22 689 | 12 421 | 10 268 | 632 | 2 934 | 8 854 | 8 849 | 3 288 | 4 988 |
| Pirkanmaa | 247 562 | 11,5 | 28 535 | 14 939 | 13 596 | 792 | 3 841 | 9 104 | 8 959 | 2 921 | 8 500 |
| Southeast Finland | 128 857 | 12,6 | 16 271 | 8 730 | 7 541 | 432 | 1 794 | 6 882 | 5 026 | 1 998 | 2 499 |
| South Savo | 56 747 | 11,0 | 6 232 | 3 565 | 2 667 | 166 | 744 | 2 706 | 2 056 | 1 172 | 1 636 |
| North Savo | 112 391 | 11,3 | 12 704 | 7 150 | 5 554 | 388 | 1 782 | 4 890 | 4 839 | 1 845 | 3 681 |
| North Karelia | 71 372 | 15,3 | 10 928 | 6 035 | 4 893 | 321 | 1 383 | 4 507 | 3 948 | 1 378 | 1 357 |
| Central Finland | 124 466 | 14,4 | 17 917 | 9 763 | 8 154 | 655 | 2 945 | 6 000 | 6 468 | 1 772 | 2 550 |
| South Ostrobothnia | 86 161 | 7,9 | 6 795 | 3 706 | 3 089 | 219 | 918 | 2 504 | 1 553 | 1 166 | 2 717 |
| Ostrobothnia | 112 960 | 8,5 | 9 606 | 4 929 | 4 677 | 302 | 1 250 | 3 335 | 2 653 | 1 169 | 2 353 |
| North Ostrobothnia | 187 001 | 12,8 | 24 015 | 12 536 | 11 479 | 909 | 3 762 | 7 322 | 7 885 | 2 735 | 5 116 |
| Kainuu | 30 941 | 11,1 | 3 428 | 1 922 | 1 506 | 115 | 445 | 1 544 | 828 | 602 | 1 189 |
| Lapland | 80 787 | 13,2 | 10 666 | 6 040 | 4 626 | 304 | 1 263 | 4 168 | 3 192 | 1 264 | 3 261 |
| Åland | 15 115 | 6,2 | 940 | 473 | 467 | ... | 91 | 324 | 286 | 35 | 256 |
| Abroad | 0 | 0,0 | 316 | 209 | 107 | ... | 11 | 82 | 117 | 8 | 1 999 |
| Total | 2 630 884 | 12,3 | 322 582 | 171 432 | 151 150 | 8 679 | 40 300 | 113 427 | 113 894 | 34 496 | 69 348 |



Information about the website

On this website you will find the latest statistics from the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment's monthly Employment Bulletin. You can access a .pdf version of the current and previous months' Employment Bulletin by following the link on the right. The Employment Bulletin is based on the data from the MEAE's Employment Service Statistics. The Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment compiles statistics on the clients of the Employment and economic development offices (TE offices), including registered job-seekers, labour market policy services, and job vacancies reported to TE offices by employers. The data is collected from the customer service registry (URA) used by the TE offices. This means that the data used by MEAE Employment Service Statistics is completely registry-based. The statistical data covers all persons, services, and open vacancies in the aforementioned groups, as separately defined in the registry by the classifications and variables for the statistical period in question.

Owing to seasonal variations, the Employment Bulletin always includes a comparison with the corresponding month in the previous year. The descriptors used in the Bulletin are also available in a table format. The Employment Bulletins are published at the end of the subsequent calendar month. The official date of publication is announced in advance.

The following symbols have been used:

. Category not applicable

... Data subject to secrecy

Links:

- **Employment Service Statistics online:**

<https://www.tem.fi/en/employment-bulletin-and-employment-service-statistics>

- **Employment Service Statistics, Description and Quality Description**

<https://www.tem.fi/en/release-dates-of-statistics-and-description-and-quality-description>

- **You can access key information from MEAE's Employment Service Statistics by visiting the Statistics Finland's StatFin database:**

https://pxnet2.stat.fi/PXWeb/pxweb/en/StatFin/StatFin__tym__tyonv/

- **The Employment Service Statistics data is also available from the MEAE Publications page (only available in Finnish).**

<https://www.tem.fi/tyopoliittinen-aikakauskirja>

- **Joint monthly report from MEAE and Statistics Finland**

https://tilastokeskus.fi/til/tyti/tie_en.html

- **Comparison between the statistics of Statistics Finland and the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment**

https://www.stat.fi/til/tyti/tyti_2019-09-13_men_001_en.html

- **Comparison between the Job Vacancy Survey of Statistics Finland and Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment**

https://tilastokeskus.fi/til/atp/atp_2017-01-02_men_001.html

- **Local government pilots on employment (In Finnish):**

[https://app.powerbi.com/view?](https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrJoiMzA0M2ViOWQtOTIwYy00ZjZjLWJjOTgtZDRkOGFmMTc0NGExIiwidCI6ImQ5NTk1MWE2LWRRmZDMtNGE3NC05YWJiLWYyYjYjYjg5ZDY3MSIsImMiOiJh9)

[r=eyJrJoiMzA0M2ViOWQtOTIwYy00ZjZjLWJjOTgtZDRkOGFmMTc0NGExIiwidCI6ImQ5NTk1MWE2LWRRmZDMtNGE3NC05YWJiLWYyYjYjYjg5ZDY3MSIsImMiOiJh9](https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrJoiMzA0M2ViOWQtOTIwYy00ZjZjLWJjOTgtZDRkOGFmMTc0NGExIiwidCI6ImQ5NTk1MWE2LWRRmZDMtNGE3NC05YWJiLWYyYjYjYjg5ZDY3MSIsImMiOiJh9)

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