



Employment Bulletin

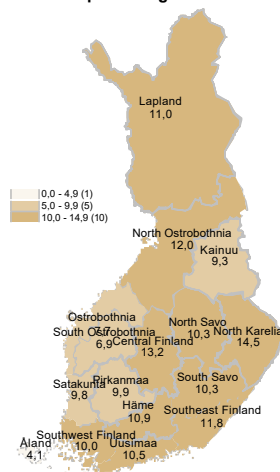
July 2023



Ministry of Economic Affairs
and Employment of Finland

In July, 278,700 unemployed jobseekers

Unemployed jobseekers' percentage of the workforce by ELY centre



At the end of July, a total of 278,700 unemployed jobseekers were registered at the Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment. This represents an increase of 6,500 from the previous year. Compared with the previous month, the number of unemployed jobseekers increased by 14,000. Unemployed jobseekers accounted for 10.5 % of the labour force, which is 0.2 percentage points more than the year before. The figures are from the Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment.

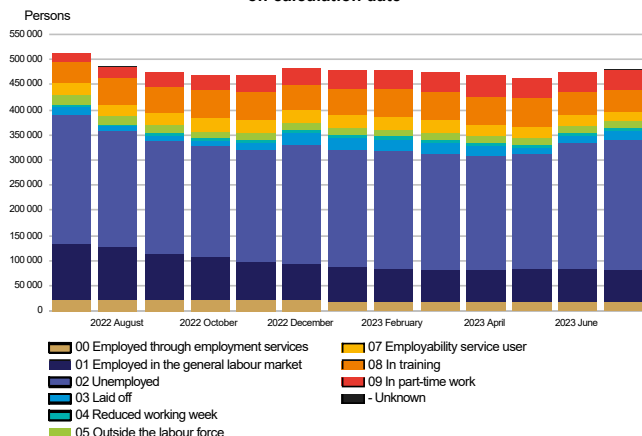
Trends:

- Total number of all jobseekers decreased by 31,900
- The number of unemployed jobseekers increased by 6,500 from the previous year
- The number of people fully laid off increased by 3,800
- Services included in the activation rate had 2,000 more people than a year ago
- The number of new job vacancies decreased by 24,600 from the previous year



All jobseekers

Jobseekers by group
on calculation date



The total number of jobseekers decreased

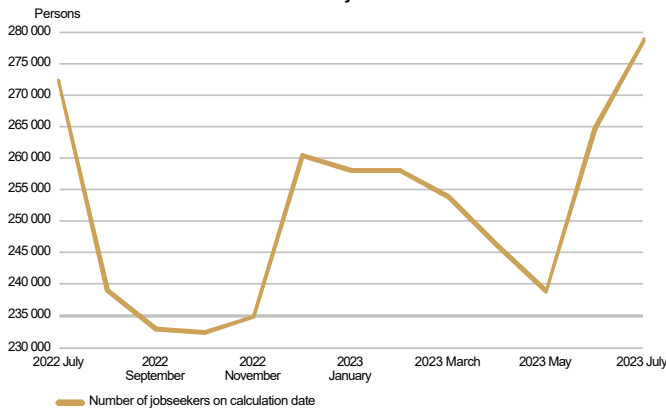
At the end of July, the number of jobseekers registered at the Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment totalled 480,700, down 31,900 on the previous year. Of the jobseekers, 242,300 were men and 238,500 were women. Compared to the situation a year ago, the number of men decreased by 10,000 and the number of women by 21,900. Of the jobseekers, 249,800, or 10,500 more than a year earlier, were customers of municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment.

Of the jobseekers, 119,500 were employed: 60,700 of them were in full-time work, 39,600 were in part-time work and 19,200 were employed through the services organised by the employment and economic development administration and local government pilots on employment. The number of jobseekers outside the labour force was 77,800, of whom 21,700 were in services promoting employment and 42,600 in training. Of the jobseekers, 278,700 were unemployed jobseekers, which is 6,500 more than the year before. In July, 18,400 of unemployed jobseekers were fully laid off, which is 2,600 more than in June. The number of people fully laid off increased by 3,800 from July a year earlier. Furthermore, jobseekers on a reduced working week numbered 4,700, representing a decrease of 600 from the year before.



Unemployed jobseekers

UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
monthly

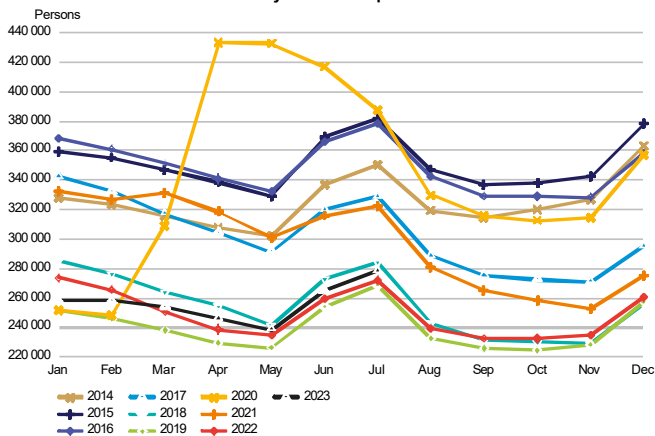


Increase in unemployed jobseekers in July

At the end of July, the number of unemployed jobseekers registered at the Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment totalled 278,700, up 6,500 on the previous year. Compared with June, the number of unemployed jobseekers increased by 14,000. Of the unemployed jobseekers, 157,900, or 9,300 more than in July a year ago, were customers of municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment. The number of new job searches among unemployed jobseekers totalled 15,000, up 2,600 from July a year ago. In July, the number of starting periods of unemployment totalled 40,200, representing an increase of 7,000 on the year before. The number of starting periods of unemployment decreased by 18,000 from June. The number of starting periods is always greater than the number of job searches because new unemployment periods are also registered from the existing groups of jobseekers.

The number of foreign citizens among unemployed jobseekers totalled 42,500, up 6,000 from July a year ago. Of these foreign unemployed jobseekers, EU/EEA citizens accounted for 9,700 at the end of July, up 600 from the year before.

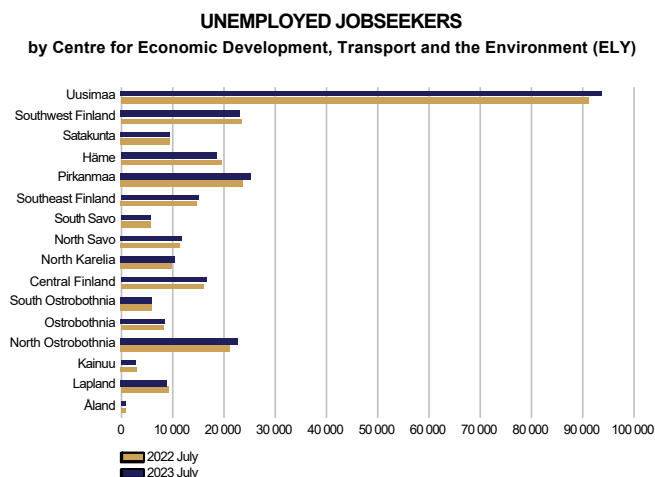
UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
month by month comparison



In July, 18,400 of unemployed jobseekers were fully laid off, which is 2,600 more than in June. The number of people fully laid off increased by 3,800 from July a year earlier. In July, the number of job searches among the fully laid off people totalled 2,600, representing an increase of 1,000 on the year before. The number of starting periods of full lay-offs was 10,800, up 5,100 from July a year ago. The number of starting periods of full lay-offs increased by 2,300 from June. Examined by occupation, the number of people fully laid off increased in seven groups and decreased in two groups. The number of people fully laid off increased the most in the groups of craft and related trades workers (1,600), plant and machine operators, and assemblers (1,000), "unknown" (900), and professionals (700). The number of people fully laid off decreased the most among service and sales workers (-900). The number of laid-off people remained unchanged in the groups of office and customer service workers and armed forces.



Unemployed jobseekers by region



Unemployment decreased in the areas of five ELY Centres

Compared to the same period in the previous year, the number of unemployed jobseekers fell by in the areas of five Centres for Economic Development, Transport and the Environment (ELY Centres): in Häme (-4%), Lapland (-4%), Kainuu (-2%), Southwest Finland (-2%) and South Ostrobothnia (-1 %). The number of unemployed jobseekers grew the most in North Ostrobothnia (8%), Ostrobothnia (7%), Pirkanmaa (7%), North Karelia (4%) and Central Finland (4%). In Åland, the number of unemployed jobseekers did not change. Compared with June, the number of unemployed jobseekers increased in the areas of all ELY Centres; the most in Ostrobothnia (12%), North Karelia (9%), South Ostrobothnia (7%), Southwest Finland (6%), South Savo (6%), Kainuu (6%) and Southeast Finland (6%). In Åland, the number of unemployed jobseekers increased by 3% from June.

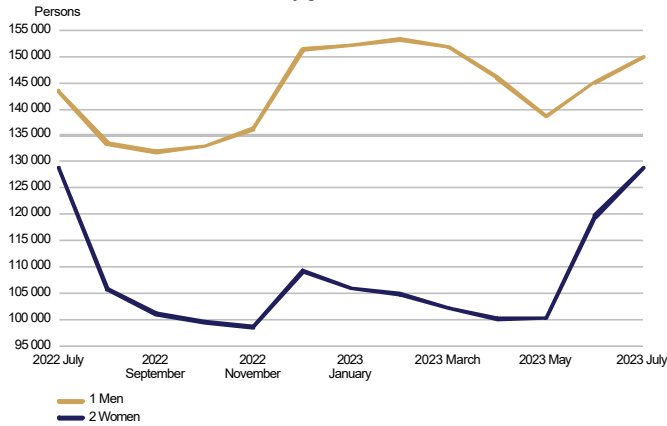
Unemployed jobseekers and jobs vacant in Employment and Economic Development Office by ELY centre

ELY centre	Unemployed jobseekers		Change		Of the Unemployed jobseekers'			Jobs vacant		Change		
	Jul 2023	Jun 2023	Jul 2023	Jul 2022	Jul 2023	unemployed jobseekers fully laid off	jobseekers' percentage of the workforce	Jul 2023	Jun 2023	Jul 2023	Jul 2022	
Uusimaa	93 776	89 249	91 163	2 613	3	4 437	10,5	14 903	13 957	23 704	-8 801	-37
Southwest Finland	23 010	21 678	23 363	-353	-2	1 965	10,0	5 146	4 977	8 156	-3 010	-37
Satakunta	9 357	8 914	9 320	37	0	587	9,8	1 516	1 649	2 311	-795	-34
Häme	18 589	17 838	19 396	-807	-4	1 155	10,9	3 388	3 147	5 791	-2 403	-41
Pirkanmaa	25 203	24 003	23 649	1 554	7	1 479	9,9	5 112	5 028	9 351	-4 239	-45
Southeast Finland	14 905	14 113	14 544	361	2	986	11,8	1 574	1 462	2 503	-929	-37
South Savo	5 723	5 395	5 719	4	0	513	10,3	1 229	1 177	1 771	-542	-31
North Savo	11 555	11 092	11 251	304	3	865	10,3	2 228	2 378	3 823	-1 595	-42
North Karelia	10 315	9 495	9 889	426	4	817	14,5	928	1 474	1 616	-688	-43
Central Finland	16 459	15 796	15 858	601	4	1 170	13,2	1 665	1 481	3 772	-2 107	-56
South Ostrobothnia	5 862	5 489	5 929	-67	-1	657	6,9	1 705	1 656	3 250	-1 545	-48
Ostrobothnia	8 645	7 748	8 090	555	7	945	7,7	1 768	1 701	4 653	-2 885	-62
North Ostrobothnia	22 803	21 789	21 154	1 649	8	1 914	12,0	3 747	3 889	5 206	-1 459	-28
Kainuu	2 847	2 689	2 916	-69	-2	204	9,3	700	893	1 122	-422	-38
Lapland	8 817	8 586	9 185	-368	-4	643	11,0	5 059	4 713	5 439	-380	-7
Åland	617	601	615	2	0	19	4,1	209	220	292	-83	-28
Abroad	261	252	210	51	24	45	.	2 789	3 387	2 516	273	11
WHOLE COUNTRY	278 747	264 731	272 253	6 494	2	18 401	10,5	53 666	53 189	85 276	-31 610	-37



Unemployed jobseekers by gender and age-group

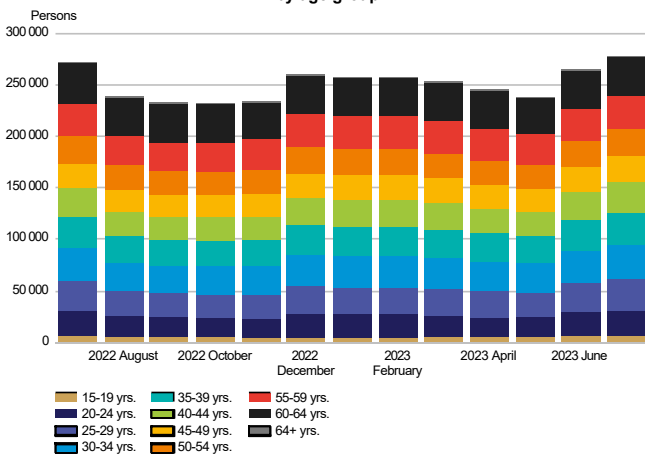
**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by gender**



Unemployment increased among men and decreased slightly among women

Of the unemployed jobseekers, 150,000 (54%) were men and 128,800 (46%) were women. From June, the number of unemployed men rose by 4,800 and the number of unemployed women by 9,200. Compared with July a year ago, unemployment increased by 6,600 (5%) among men while unemployment among women fell by 100 (-0.1%).

**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by age group**



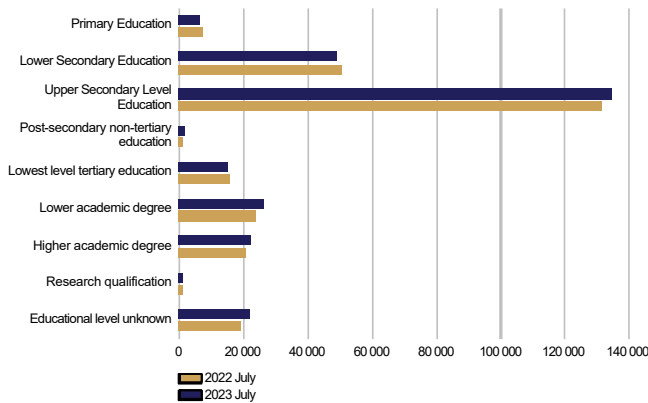
Unemployment decreased among those over 60 and among the 50–54-year-olds

At the end of July, unemployed jobseekers under 25 years of age numbered 30,900, representing an increase of 500 from July a year ago. Youth unemployment increased from June by 1,000. For those under 20, the number of unemployed was 6,700. Among those over 50, the number of unemployed was 97,000, representing a decrease of 900 on the year before. Among those over 55, the number of unemployed was 71,100, representing a decrease of 600 on the year before. Unemployment decreased among those over 64 years of age (-15%), those between 60 and 64 (-2%) and those between 50 and 54 (-1%). Unemployment increased the most among those between 40 and 44 (7%), those between 30 and 34 (6%) and those between 45 and 49 years of age (6%). Compared with June, unemployment rose in all other age groups, with the exception of those between 15 and 19 years of age, where it fell 6%. Unemployment increased the most from June among those between 25 and 29 years (8%).



Unemployed jobseekers by levels of education and occupational group

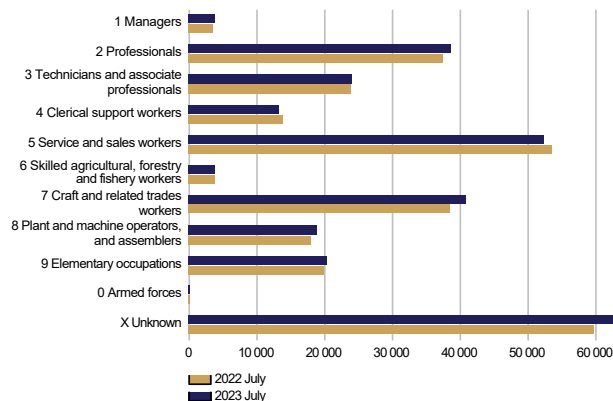
**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by level of education**



Unemployment decreased at only three levels of education

Examined by level of education, unemployment decreased from July last year at three levels of education. Unemployment decreased among those with lower level basic qualifications (-16%), higher level basic qualifications (-3%) and lowest level of tertiary education (-3%). Unemployment increased the most among those with education level unknown (15%), post-secondary non-tertiary education (12%), lower-degree level tertiary education (10%), and higher-degree level tertiary education (7%).

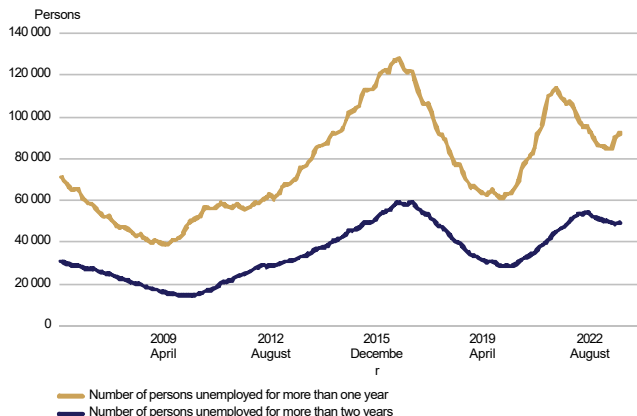
**UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS
by occupational group**



Unemployment decreased in four occupational groups

Examined by occupation, unemployment fell in four groups from July of last year; the most among service and sales workers (-1,100), office and customer service workers (-600) and skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers (-200). Unemployment increased the most in the groups of "unknown" (3,000), craft and related trades workers (2,600), professionals (1,100), and plant and machine operators, and assemblers (900).

**LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYED
at the end of the month**



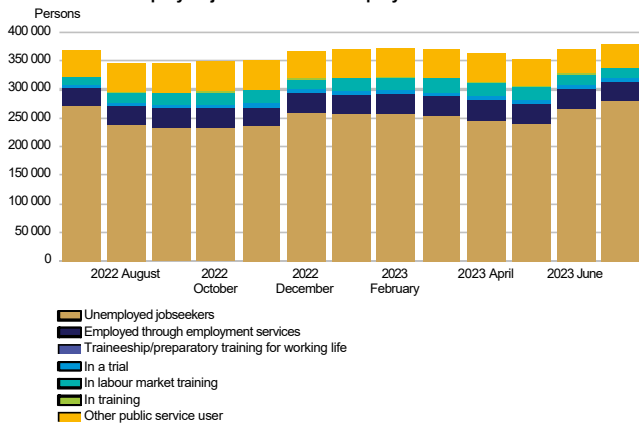
Decrease in long-term unemployment

At the end of July, the number of long-term unemployed who had been unemployed without interruption for more than a year amounted to 92,200, down 3,200 on the previous year. Of the long-term unemployed, 54,800 were men and 37,300 were women. The number of men decreased by 2,200 (-4%) from the previous year and the number of women by 1,000 (-3%). Long-term unemployed who had been unemployed without interruption for more than two years numbered 49,200, which is 5,200 less than a year ago.



Services

BROAD UNEMPLOYMENT
i.e. unemployed jobseekers and employment services users



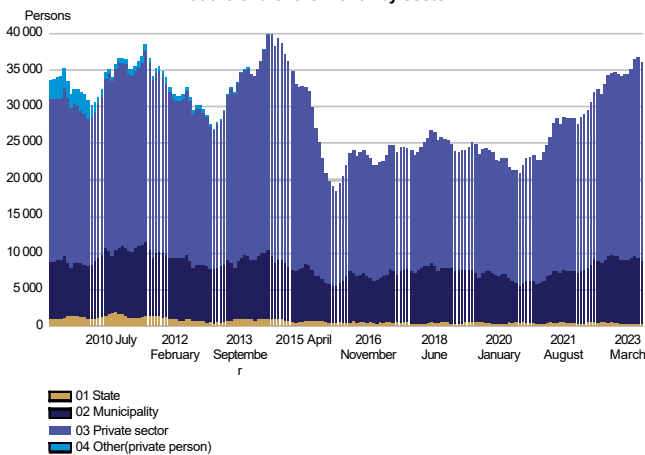
Increase in the number of persons covered by services

At the end of July, the number of persons covered by services included in the activation rate amounted to 100,000, up 2,000 on the previous year. Compared with June, the number of persons covered by such services decreased by 4,900. Of those covered by services, 58,400 were customers of local government pilots, which is 3,900 more than in July last year. The activation rate at the end of July was 26.4%, which is 0.1 percentage points lower than a year earlier. In all, 3.5% of the labour force were covered by these services.

Of those covered by services, the number of men was 49,500, up 900 on the previous year. The number of women covered by these services was 50,500, up 1,200 on the previous year.

Broad unemployment, or the total number of unemployed jobseekers and those covered by services, was 378,800 at the end of July. This represents an increase of 8,500 from the previous year. The increase in broad unemployment was due to an increase in the number of unemployed jobseekers and those covered by services.

EMPLOYED THROUGH EMPLOYMENT SERVICES
at the end of the month by sector



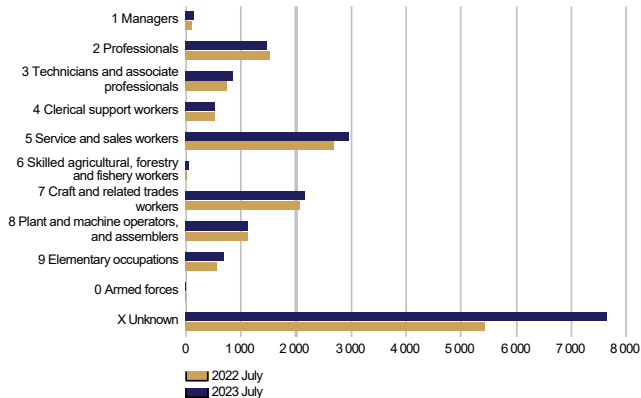
The number of placements increased in the municipal and private sectors

At the end of July, the number of persons claiming pay subsidies, employed by the State or receiving start-up grants totalled 36,100, which is 4,400 more than the year before. Of those in placements, 1% were in central government, 24% in municipalities and 75% in the private sector. Since July last year, the number of placements had increased by 18% in the private sector and by 7% in municipalities, but decreased by 42% in central government. Of those in placements, 55% were men. Placements for men increased by 2,500, and those for women by 1,900 from the previous year.



Labour market training, training and self-motivated studies

PERSONS IN LABOUR MARKET TRAINING
in target profession at the end of the month

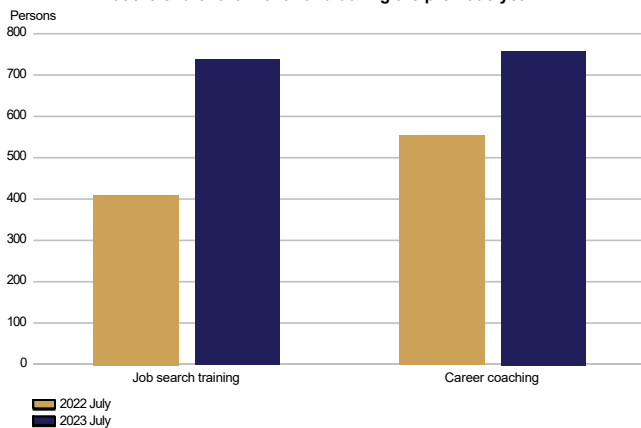


Increase in the number of persons in labour market training

At the end of July, labour market training was attended by 17,600 students, up 2,800 on the previous year. Of the students, 7,800 were men and 9,800 were women. The number of men increased by 700, and the number of women by 2,100 from July last year. During July, 300 new students began labour market training, which is the same number as the year before.

Based on target occupation, the largest subgroup within the category of 'unknown' were people in integration training (7,200), which is 2,200 more than the year before.

IN TRAINING
at the end of the month and during the previous year



The number of persons in training increased

At the end of July, 1,500 persons were in training, which is 500 more than the year before. Of those in training, 800 were men and 700 were women. Career coaching had 800 participants in July, which is 200 more than a year earlier. The number of people receiving job search training was 700, which is 300 more than the previous year.

IN SELF-MOTIVATED STUDIES
in person's profession at the end of the month



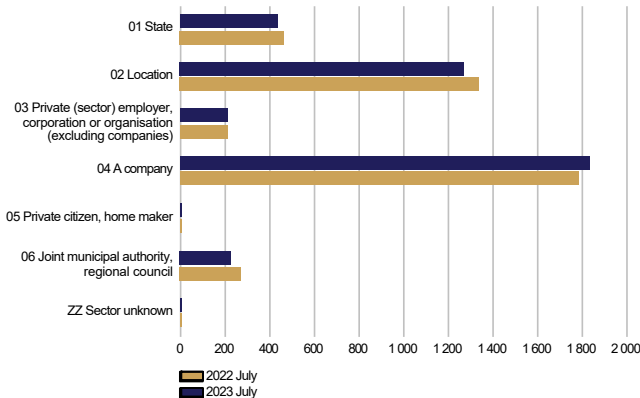
The number of people in self-motivated study decreased from the previous year

Self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefits were attended by a total of 20,500 people, representing a decrease of 3,600 on the year before. The number of men receiving unemployment benefits for studies was 7,900, down 1,400 on the previous year. Among women, the number was 12,500, representing a decrease of 2,100 on the year before. Occupation was undetermined in case of 6,500 persons in the group of 'unknown', down 200 on the previous year.



Job alternation, rehabilitative work and trials

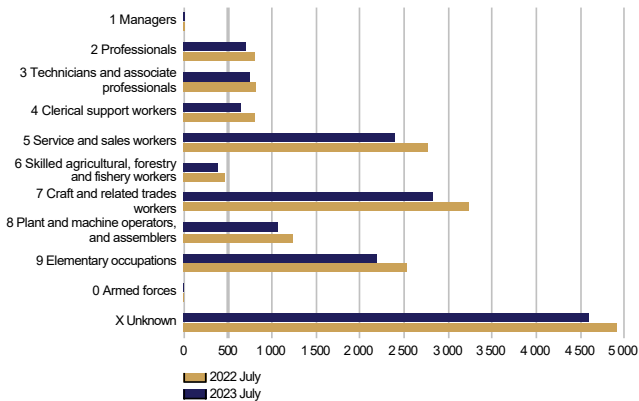
AS A JOB ALTERNATION SUBSTITUTE
at the end of the month and during the previous year by sector



The number of job alternation substitutes remained unchanged

A total of 4,100 persons were job alternation substitutes at the end of July, which is the same number as the year earlier. Of the substitutes, 1,600 were men and 2,500 were women. Compared to the previous year, the number of both men and women remained unchanged.

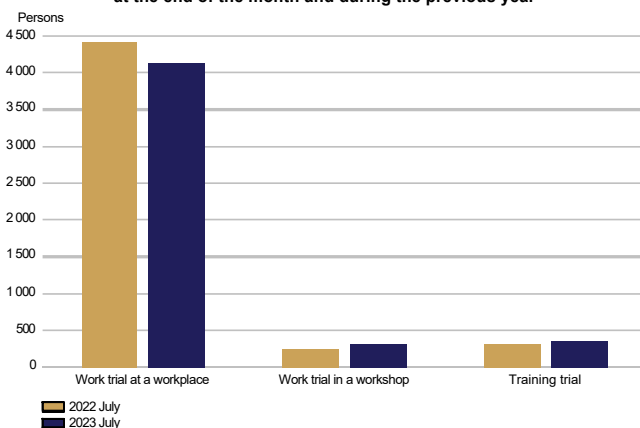
REHABILITATIVE WORK ACTIVITIES
at the end of the month and during the previous year



Fewer participants in rehabilitative work activities than in the previous year

A total of 15,600 persons participated in rehabilitative work activities at the end of July, which is 2,000 less than a year earlier. Of the participants 9,000 were men and 6,500 were women. Compared to the situation a year ago, the number of men decreased by 1,100 and the number of women by 900.

IN TRIALS
at the end of the month and during the previous year



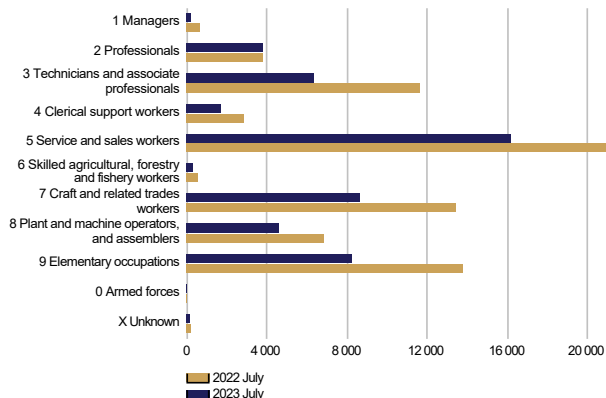
Participation in work and training trials decreased

Work and training trials had a total of 4,800 participants at the end of July, which is 200 fewer than the year before. Of the participants 2,700 were men and 2,100 were women. The number of men fell by 100 and the number of women also fell by 100 from the previous year.



Jobs vacant

NEW JOB VACANCIES
during the month and during the previous year



Decrease in the number of new vacancies

The number of new vacancies reported to Employment and Economic Development Offices and municipalities participating in the local government pilots on employment during July totalled 50,100, which is 24,600 fewer than in July last year. In all, the number of unfilled vacancies in July was 101,800, which is 59,200 fewer than a year ago. A total of 7,000 of these vacancies were filled during July, 1,700 of them through Employment and Economic Development Offices. A total of 36,100 vacancies were closed for applications because the application period had ended or because there was a sufficient number of applicants. In addition, a total of 8,500 vacancies were cancelled and 800 vacancies could not be filled. The number of vacancies remaining unfilled at Employment and Economic Development Offices and in local government pilots at the end of July was 53,700, down 31,600 on the previous year.

The number of new vacancies had decreased in almost all occupational groups; the most in the groups of elementary occupations (-5,600), technicians and associate professionals (-5,300), craft and related trades workers (-4,900), service and sales workers (-4,800), and plant and machine operators, and assemblers (-2,200). The number of new vacancies remained unchanged in the occupational group of armed forces.



Summary table

EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF 2023 JULY (I) AND
ACTIVITIES OF EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICES DURING JULY (II)
WHOLE COUNTRY

I EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF MONTH	Jul-23	Jul-22	CHANGE NUMBER	CHANGE %
A. JOBSEEKERS				
1. Unemployed jobseekers	278 747	272 253	6 494	2,4
of whom fully laid off	18 401	14 623	3 778	25,8
2. On reduced working week	4 728	5 351	-623	-11,6
3. Those who have work	119 499	151 700	-32 201	-21,2
of which in full-time work	60 733	112 697	-51 964	-46,1
of which in part-time work	39 595	17 611	21 984	124,8
of whom employed through employment services	19 171	21 392	-2 221	-10,4
4. Persons outside the labour force	77 765	83 331	-5 566	-6,7
of whom in services promoting employment	21 726	22 893	-1 167	-5,1
of whom in training	42 621	43 348	-727	-1,7
1-4 Total of jobseekers	480 739	512 635	-31 896	-6,2
B. LABOUR DEMAND				
1. Jobs vacant	53 666	85 276	-31 610	-37,1
of those notified for over a month	20 944	39 233	-18 289	-46,6
of those notified for over 2 months	8 826	24 328	-15 502	-63,7
C. PARTICIPATING IN SERVICES				
1. Employed by the State	334	575	-241	-41,9
2. Employed by municipalities	8 611	8 024	587	7,3
3. Employed by the private sector	27 140	23 047	4 093	17,8
1-3 Total number of employed people	36 085	31 646	4 439	14,0
4. Labour market training	17 565	14 772	2 793	18,9
5. Training	1 495	963	532	55,2
6. Engaged in work/training trials	4 792	4 975	-183	-3,7
7. As a job alternation substitute	4 067	4 068	-1	0,0
8. Rehabilitative work	15 578	17 572	-1 994	-11,3
9. Self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefit	20 464	24 017	-3 553	-14,8
1-9 Total number of people participating in services	100 046	98 013	2 033	2,1
D. STRUCTURE OF UNEMPLOYMENT				
1. Unemployed women	128 756	128 822	-66	-0,1
2. Unemployed men	149 991	143 431	6 560	4,6
3. Under 25 years old	30 938	30 465	473	1,6
4. Over 50 years old	96 990	97 935	-945	-1,0
5. Unemployed over a year	92 188	95 385	-3 197	-3,4
6. Foreign unemployed	42 519	36 556	5 963	16,3
E. UNEMPLOYMENT SECURITY				
1. Unemployed members of employees' unemployment funds	102 416	98 815	3 601	3,6
II EMPLOYMENT SITUATION DURING THE MONTH				
1. Unemployed jobseekers	300 966	289 621	11 345	3,9
2. Other jobseekers	199 614	241 516	-41 902	-17,3
1-2 Total number of jobseekers	500 580	531 137	-30 557	-5,8
3. Vacancies during a month	101 751	160 982	-59 231	-36,8
New vacancies during a month	50 058	74 680	-24 622	-33,0
Vacancies filled during a month	6 993	10 259	-3 266	-31,8
of those filled with job-seekers at the Employment Service	1 696	3 179	-1 483	-46,6
Vacancies application period ended or sufficient number of applicants	36 129	56 579	-20 450	-36,1
Vacancies cancelled or could not be filled	9 221	14 787	-5 566	-37,6
4. Started spell of unemployment	40 248	33 272	6 976	21,0
5. Completed spell of unemployment	32 859	30 266	2 593	8,6
6. New jobs found through employment services	2 055	2 333	-278	-11,9
7. New entrants to labour market training	272	252	20	7,9



Foreigners' summary table

FOREIGNERS' EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF 2023 JULY (I) AND
ACTIVITIES OF EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICES DURING JULY (II)
WHOLE COUNTRY

I EMPLOYMENT SITUATION AT THE END OF MONTH	Jul-23	Jul-22	CHANGE NUMBER	CHANGE %
A. JOBSEEKERS				
1. Unemployed jobseekers	42 519	36 556	5 963	16,3
of whom fully laid off	2 131	1 688	443	26,2
2. On reduced working week	334	347	-13	-3,7
3. Those who have work	17 481	18 267	-786	-4,3
of which in full-time work	10 547	14 614	-4 067	-27,8
of which in part-time work	4 896	1 851	3 045	164,5
of whom employed through employment services	2 038	1 802	236	13,1
4. Persons outside the labour force	26 287	22 738	3 549	15,6
of whom in services promoting employment	2 688	2 555	133	5,2
of whom in training	21 341	17 777	3 564	20,0
1-4 Total of jobseekers	86 621	77 908	8 713	11,2
C. PARTICIPATING IN SERVICES				
1. Employed by the State	...	9	...	...
2. Employed by municipalities	646	491	155	31,6
3. Employed by the private sector	2 605	1 842	763	41,4
1-3 Total number of employed people	3 254	2 342	912	38,9
4. Labour market training	9 768	7 073	2 695	38,1
5. Training	109	97	12	12,4
6. Engaged in work/training trials	1 293	1 271	22	1,7
7. As a job alternation substitute	72	71	1	1,4
8. Rehabilitative work	859	938	-79	-8,4
9. Self-motivated studies supported by unemployment benefit	9 169	9 391	-222	-2,4
1-9 Total number of people participating in services	24 524	21 183	3 341	15,8
D. STRUCTURE OF UNEMPLOYMENT				
1. Unemployed women	22 535	19 832	2 703	13,6
2. Unemployed men	19 984	16 724	3 260	19,5
3. Under 25 years old	3 406	2 754	652	23,7
4. Over 50 years old	9 796	8 862	934	10,5
5. Unemployed over a year	9 642	9 499	143	1,5
E. UNEMPLOYMENT SECURITY				
1. Unemployed members of employees' unemployment funds	6 800	5 914	886	15,0
II EMPLOYMENT SITUATION DURING THE MONTH				
1. Unemployed jobseekers	45 194	38 473	6 721	17,5
2. Other jobseekers	43 702	41 240	2 462	6,0
1-2 Total number of jobseekers	88 896	79 713	9 183	11,5
4. Started spell of unemployment	5 690	5 031	659	13,1
5. Completed spell of unemployment	3 420	2 850	570	20,0
6. New jobs found through employment services	238	182	56	30,8
7. New entrants to labour market training	177	148	29	19,6



Regional table

UNEMPLOYED JOBSEEKERS AND JOBS VACANT BY ELY CENTRE AT THE END OF 2023 JULY
WHOLE COUNTRY

ELY centre	Workforce	Unemployed jobseekers							Disabled and chron. ill	Jobs vacant	
		% of workforce	Total	Men	Women	Under 20 years old	Under 25 years old	Over 50 years old			
Uusimaa	892 621	10,5	93 776	48 952	44 824	1 659	8 437	31 333	35 874	7 833	14 903
Southwest Finland	231 049	10,0	23 010	12 298	10 712	570	2 551	7 769	7 028	2 669	5 146
Satakunta	95 787	9,8	9 357	5 230	4 127	260	1 119	3 546	2 740	1 189	1 516
Häme	170 959	10,9	18 589	10 246	8 343	411	1 905	7 497	6 930	3 243	3 388
Pirkanmaa	253 537	9,9	25 203	13 125	12 078	619	3 042	7 990	7 149	2 880	5 112
Southeast Finland	126 427	11,8	14 905	8 227	6 678	372	1 556	6 175	4 318	1 842	1 574
South Savo	55 795	10,3	5 723	3 327	2 396	158	570	2 467	1 791	1 081	1 229
North Savo	112 262	10,3	11 555	6 652	4 903	331	1 440	4 218	3 987	1 614	2 228
North Karelia	71 079	14,5	10 315	5 712	4 603	262	1 276	4 010	3 322	1 364	928
Central Finland	124 507	13,2	16 459	9 171	7 288	522	2 367	5 410	5 320	1 718	1 665
South Ostrobothnia	85 288	6,9	5 862	3 242	2 620	197	799	2 049	1 281	1 041	1 705
Ostrobothnia	112 918	7,7	8 645	4 394	4 251	256	1 126	2 831	2 072	1 068	1 768
North Ostrobothnia	190 152	12,0	22 803	12 277	10 526	773	3 409	6 787	7 175	2 765	3 747
Kainuu	30 690	9,3	2 847	1 567	1 280	94	345	1 200	614	515	700
Lapland	80 179	11,0	8 817	5 091	3 726	205	912	3 456	2 319	1 096	5 059
Åland	14 916	4,1	617	319	298	...	...	193	182	40	209
Abroad	0	0,0	261	159	102	...	...	59	84	5	2 789
Total	2 648 166	10,5	278 747	149 991	128 756	6 715	30 938	96 990	92 188	31 963	53 666



Information about the website

On this website you will find the latest statistics from the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment's monthly Employment Bulletin. You can access a .pdf version of the current and previous months' Employment Bulletin by following the link on the right. The Employment Bulletin is based on the data from the MEAE's Employment Service Statistics. The Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment compiles statistics on the clients of the Employment and economic development offices (TE offices), including registered job-seekers, labour market policy services, and job vacancies reported to TE offices by employers. The data is collected from the customer service registry (URA) used by the TE offices. This means that the data used by MEAE Employment Service Statistics is completely registry-based. The statistical data covers all persons, services, and open vacancies in the aforementioned groups, as separately defined in the registry by the classifications and variables for the statistical period in question.

Owing to seasonal variations, the Employment Bulletin always includes a comparison with the corresponding month in the previous year. The descriptors used in the Bulletin are also available in a table format. The Employment Bulletins are published at the end of the subsequent calendar month. The official date of publication is announced in advance.

The following symbols have been used:

. Category not applicable

... Data subject to secrecy

Links:

- **Employment Service Statistics online:**
<https://www.tem.fi/en/employment-bulletin-and-employment-service-statistics>
- **Employment Service Statistics, Description and Quality Description**
<https://www.tem.fi/en/release-dates-of-statistics-and-description-and-quality-description>
- **You can access key information from MEAE's Employment Service Statistics by visiting the Statistics Finland's StatFin database:**
<https://statfin.stat.fi/PxWeb/pxweb/en/StatFin/>
- **The Employment Service Statistics data is also available from the MEAE Publications page (only available in Finnish).**
<https://www.tem.fi/tyopoliittinen-aikakauskirja>
- **Comparison between the statistics of Statistics Finland and the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment**
https://www.stat.fi/til/tyti/tyti_2019-09-13_men_001_en.html
- **Comparison between the Job Vacancy Survey of Statistics Finland and Employment Service Statistics of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment**
https://tilastokeskus.fi/til/atp/atp_2017-01-02_men_001.html
- **Local government pilots on employment (In Finnish):**
<https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrIjoizGVhNWM2ZWUtMWIwZi00OWJjLThtZDYtZmE5NmZlYjRiODI0IiwidCI6ImQ5NTk1MWE2LWRRmZDMtNGE3NC05YWJiLWYyYjJjYjg5ZDY3MSIsImMiOiJh9>

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